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RESEARCH ARTICLE

BIOLOGICALLY SIGNIFICANT ION CONCENTRATIONS AND PHYSICO-CHEMICAL PARAMETERS OF EIGHT PACKED BEVERAGES AVAILABLE IN INDIA

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ABSTRACT

In this work we had studied Amul Tulsi Doodh, Amul Ginger Doodh, Paper Boat Alphonso Mango, Red Bull Yellow edition, Red Bull Sugar free, B Natural Cloudy Apple, B Natural Orange and B Natural Litchi drinks. We had studied physico-chemical parameters like pH, Salinity, TDS, Conductance and biologically significant ions like sodium, potassium, calcium, nitrate, ammonium and chloride. Milk products are less acidic and have high TDS, salinity and conductance. B Nautural products have relatively low conductance, salinity and TDS. Calcium content is much higher in Amul ginger doodh and Amul tulsi doodh. Nitrate concentration is greater than 20000 mg/lit in Paper Boat Alphonso Mango and B Natural Litchi drink. High chloride concentrations (>2000 mg/lit) are found within Amul ginger doodh and B Natural orange.

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INTRODUCTION

Human blood pH always remain always slightly above 7 and Total Dissolved Solid (TDS) indicates the amount of dissolved substance present. Conductance value denotes the amount of ions present and salinity reflect the amount of salt present. Low pH value denotes, higher acidity of packed drinks. For carbonated soft drinks available in India [K⁺]/[Na⁺] values are mostly less than unity. For RC Cola, Pepsi, Coca cola and Thums up the values are greater than unity (Ray, 2015). All the Tropicana and Real brand packed juices contain relatively high potassium ion concentration and $[K^+]/[Na^+]$ value lies between 1.07 to 48.57 (Ray, 2015). Sodium ion regulates, blood pressure, blood volume, osmotic pressure and pH of human blood (Das, 2008). Potassium is the most important intracellular ion. Calcuim ion is the major component of the structural materials of bone, teeth and shell in living systems (Das, 2008).

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Principal and Professor of Chemistry, Barrackpore Rastraguru Surendranath College, Barrackopre, North 24 Parganas, WB.Pin 700120. Chloride ions are present in living system as bulk anion. The estimated daily ammonia intake through food and drinkingwater is 18 mg, by inhalation less than 1 mg, and through cigarette smoking (20 cigarettes per day) also less than 1 mg. In contrast, 4000 mg of ammonia per day are produced endogenously in the human intestine (Ammonia, 1986). Permissible limits for nitrate in drinking water is 45 mg/L NO₃⁻ (Bureau of Indian Standards, 2012) and have a guideline value of 50 mg/L (WHO 2011) above which it can pose serious health hazards (Taneja et al., 2015). Refreshing packed drinks which widely consumed specially during summer by the people, provide sodium, potassium, calcium, chloride etc, ions to human body (Das, 2008; Ray, 2019; Ray, 2020; Aurelia, 2011; Carbonated drinks, 2011; Ashurst, 2009; Gibson, 2008; Louis, 1980; Martin Hickman Caution, 2007; Michael Jacobson, 2015). Sodium ion concentration, potassium ion concentration, calcium ion concentration, chloride ion concentration, ammonium ion concentration and nitrate ion concentration within human body fluid and blood are almost constant. The exact concentrations of the ions are different for different type of cells or body fluids.

The extracellular potassium ion concentration is 0.2 g per liter(approx), at the same time, the intracellular potassium ion concentration is 6 g per liter (approx). The extracellular

INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL OF CURRENT RESEARCH sodium ion concentration is 3.45 g per liter(approx), whereas, the intracellular sodium ion concentration is 0.23 g per liter (approx)³. The extracellular chloride ion concentration is 100 milimole per liter(approx), whereas, the intracellular chloride ion concentration is 10 milimole per liter(approx). The $[Ca^{2+}]_{outside cell}/[Ca^{2+}]_{inside cell} = 1000$ (approx). For the present study samples taken are Amul Tulsi Doodh, Amul Ginger Doodh, Paper Boat Alphonso Mango, Red Bull Yellow edition, Red Bull Sugar free, B Natural Cloudy Apple, B Natural Orange and B Natural Litchi drinks.

MATERIALS AND METHODS

All the samples subjected for study were sealed packs or metal cans and manufactured within last three month of study date. The sodium ion concentrations and potassium ion concentrations were measured at the Environmental Chemistry Research Laboratory, Barrackpore Rastraguru Surendranath College, Barrackopre, North 24 Parganas, WB,using Systronics (India) made Flame photometer 128 μ C.

Chloride, nitrate, ammonium and calcium ion concentrations are measured using Systronics (India) made ion meter model number SYS-460 at Environmental Chemistry Research Laboratory, Barrackpore Rastraguru Surendranath College, Barrackopre, North 24 Parganas, WB.

Calcium ion concentration was measured using ISE 40 electrode. Nitrate ion concentration was measured using ISE 62 electrode. Ammonium ion concentration was measured using ISE 17 electrode, Chloride ion concentration was measured using ISE 35 electrode, Total Dissolved Solid(TDS), pH, Temperature, conductance and salinity were measured using EUTECH made Multi-parameter PCSTestr 35 at the Environmental Chemistry Research Laboratory, Barrackpore Rastraguru Surendranath College, Barrackopre, North 24 Parganas, WB. Ion free, redistilled water, prepared at laboratory, were used for all the analysis. All the measurements were carried out between 20°-23°C.

RESULTS

 Table 1. Name . Make, Batch number and Energy value of Beverages

S 1	Name	Make	Batch	Energy
No.			Number	Value
				(Kcal/100
				ml)
1.	Amul Tulsi Doodh	Amul Fed Dairy	KEB2381	100
2.	Amul Ginger	Amul Fed Dairy	KEB2551	105
	Doodh			
3.	Paper Boat	Hector Beverages	AA9301	62.4
	Alphonso Mango	Pvt. Ltd.		
4.	Red Bull Yellow	Rauch Fruchtsafte	1861551	46
	edition	GmbH & Co		
5.	Red Bull Sugar	Rauch Fruchtsafte	1871890	03
	free	GmbH & Co		
6.	B Natural Cloudy	ITC Ltd, Kolkata	B2AR22102	54
	Apple			
7.	B Natural Orange	ITC Ltd, Kolkata	B2OR151	52
8.	B Natural Litchi	ITC Ltd, Kolkata	B2LF14122	50

DISCUSSION

The make, batch number and energy value per 100 ml for packed beverages subjected for study are listed in Table-1.

Table 2. Physicochemical Parameter Data of Beverages

Sl No.	Name	pН	Conductance	Salinity	TDS
			(µS/cm)	(ppm)	(ppm)
1.	Amul Tulsi Doodh	6.18	4780	2540	3370
2.	Amul Ginger Doodh	6.30	4340	2330	3110
3.	Paper Boat Alphonso	3.31	1210	597	854
	Mango				
4.	Red Bull Yellow edition	3.20	1647	825	1170
5.	Red Bull Sugar free	3.42	2290	1160	1620
6.	B Natural Cloudy Apple	2.89	663	322	471
7.	B Natural Orange	2.95	1420	710	1010
8.	B Natural Litchi	3.20	667	325	473

Table 3. Ion Concentration Data of Beverages (ppm)

Mana	N1+	\mathbf{V}^+	C-++	NILL +	CI	NO ₃ ⁻
Name	INa	ĸ	Ca	INH ₄	CI	NO ₃
Amul Tulsi	703.65	1305.6	87	17.6	1667	8.8
Doodh						
Amul Ginger	734.55	1405.2	87	22.8	2301	20
Doodh						
Paper Boat	68.8	919.8	3.2	0.984	1338	>20000
Alphonso Mango						
Red Bull Yellow	1117.6	12.2	14	52	759	150
edition						
Red Bull Sugar	843.9	39.4	4.9	17.0	1390	0.042
free						
B Natural Cloudy	55.3	353.5	0.463	0.284	1279	2.2
Apple						
B Natural Orange	393.3	502.4	2.2	66	2572	22
B Natural Litchi	105.0	276.3	0.890	123	1223	>20000
	Doodh Amul Ginger Doodh Paper Boat Alphonso Mango Red Bull Yellow edition Red Bull Sugar free B Natural Cloudy Apple B Natural Orange	Amul Tulsi 703.65 Doodh 734.55 Doodh 734.55 Doodh 68.8 Alphonso Mango 1117.6 Red Bull Yellow 1117.6 edition 843.9 free 55.3 Apple 393.3	Amul Image of the system Image of the system Amul Tulsi 703.65 1305.6 Doodh 734.55 1405.2 Doodh 68.8 919.8 Alphonso Mango 68.8 919.8 Red Bull Yellow 1117.6 12.2 edition 843.9 39.4 free 75.3 353.5 B Natural Cloudy 55.3 353.5 Apple 393.3 502.4	Amul Tulsi 703.65 1305.6 87 Doodh 734.55 1405.2 87 Doodh 784.55 1405.2 87 Paper Boat 68.8 919.8 3.2 Alphonso Mango 1117.6 12.2 14 Red Bull Yellow 1117.6 12.2 14 edition 843.9 39.4 4.9 free 75.3 353.5 0.463 Apple 93.3 502.4 2.2	Amul Tulsi 703.65 1305.6 87 17.6 Doodh 734.55 1405.2 87 22.8 Doodh 734.55 1405.2 87 22.8 Doodh 68.8 919.8 3.2 0.984 Alphonso Mango 1117.6 12.2 14 52 edition 843.9 39.4 4.9 17.0 free 75.3 353.5 0.463 0.284 Apple 55.3 353.5 0.463 0.284 B Natural Cloudy 55.3 350.2.4 2.2 66	Amul Tulsi 703.65 1305.6 87 17.6 1667 Doodh 734.55 1405.2 87 22.8 2301 Doodh 734.55 1405.2 87 22.8 2301 Paper Boat Alphonso Mango Red Bull Yellow 68.8 919.8 3.2 0.984 1338 Alphonso Mango Red Bull Yellow 1117.6 12.2 14 52 759 edition 7 39.4 4.9 17.0 1390 free 7 353.5 0.463 0.284 1279 B Natural Cloudy Apple 55.3 353.5 0.463 0.284 1279 B Natural Orange 393.3 502.4 2.2 66 2572

Amul Ginger doodh and Amul tulsi doodh provide 105 kcal and 100 kcal energy respectively per 100 ml. Red Bull Sugar free provide minimum energy (3 kcal/100 ml), while all the B Natural product beverages subjected for study provide around 50 kcal energy. In the common carbonated soft drinks pH value lies between 2.45 to 2.38, and most of them have pH below 3.0 i.e., they are strongly acidic. For packed beverages subjected for this study pH values lies between 2.89 to 6.30. Salinity and conductance are relatively high for Amul ginger doodh, Amul tulsi doodh and Red Bull Sugar free. B Natural Cloudy Apple and B Natural Litchi have lower Salinity and conductance. The studied drinks show TDS value between 471 to 3370 mg/lit. The TDS value of Amul Tulsi Doodh and Amul Ginger Doodh were found 3370 and 3110 ppm respectively. For all the drinks subjected for study. Salinity ranges between 322 to 2540 mg/lit. B Natural Cloudy Apple and B Natural Litchi shows relatively low salinity and relatively low conductance value. Conductance value of studied beverages remain between 663 to 4780µS/cm. In the studied items sodium ion concentrations ranges between 55.3 to 1117.6 ppm, that for potassium ion is 12.2 to 1405.2 ppm. The concentration of calcium ion lies within the range 0.463 to 87 ppm. The span of ammonium concentration found within the range 0.284 to 123 ppm. Chloride concentration found between 759 to 2572 ppm. The nitrate concentration for B Natural Litchi and Paper Boat Alphonso Mango were found above 20000 ppm. For the other items the nitrate concentration lies between 0.042 to 150 ppm.

CONCLUSION

Except Amul ginger doodh and Amul tulsi doodh all are strongly acidic. TDS value for Amul ginger doodh, Amul tulsi doodh, B Natural Orange and Red bull products are very high and more than WHO limit. B Natural Cloudy Apple and B Natural Litchi are better than others with respect to TDS. Chloride ion maintain the electroneutrality of intracellular fluids. In plasma chloride concention is approximately 100 miliequivalent per liter and 125 miliequivalent per liter. These are required for maintaining Donan membrane equilibrium. Salt content is relatively high for Amul ginger doodh, Amul tulsi doodh and Red Bull Sugar free. B Natural Cloudy Apple and B Natural Litchi are lower salt containing drinks. TDS of milk products are very high and few thousands mg/lit. High conductance value indicates the presence of larger amount of dissolved salts.Potassium ion concentration for Red Bull products are very low. For other products $[K^+]/[Na^+]$ values are greater than unity. Calcium is a bulk and essential metal for human body. Amul Tulsi Doodh and Amul Ginger Doodh provide sufficient calcium ions. B Natural products and Paper Boat Alphonso mango have very low calcium content (less than 5 ppm). Acceptable limit of ammonium ion in drinking water 0.5 ppm and that for nitrate is 45 ppm (Bureau Of Indian Standards,2012). Maximum acceptable chloride concentration as per BIS is 250 ppm. In all the studied items chloride concentrations are graeter than BIS limit. With respect to ammonium ion value Paper Boat Alphonso Mango and B Natural Cloudy Apple are acceptable drinks only. All the other drinks contain high ammonium concentration. Amul Tulsi Doodh, Amul Ginger Doodh, Red Bull Sugar Free, B Natural Cloudy Apple and B Natural Orange have nitrate ion within permissible BIS limit. Paper Boat Alphonso Mango and B Natural Litchi are very poor quality drinks with respect to nitrate content. In general way it can be said that Amul doodh products, Red Bull sugar free and B Natural Cloudy apple are relatively safe drinks. Patients suffering from kidney diseases or problem should not consume drinks containing high potassium concentration hence drinks having very low $[K^+]/[Na^+]$ ratio are preferred for them.

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